The Mt. Airy Improvement of 1900-1902 along the Baltimore & Ohio's main line between Mt. Airy and the Monocacy River is associated with the late 19th century increase in shipping along the B&O which brought about the need for extensive improvements on the railroad's "Main Stem" from Baltimore to Point of In the New Market Region, the most visible effects of the improvement Rocks. were the relocation of the line, which since 1831 had followed the twisting Bush Creek and crossed the elevation of Parr's Ridge by a detour through the The improvement's main effect was the laying of about 10 town of Mt. Airy. miles of new track and the straightening of many curves. The Ridgeville Tunnel, beginning in Carroll County, and ending in Frederick County, is a 2,758-ft. brick barrel arched tunnel with limestone ashlar abutments at each The western arch is located about 2,000 feet west of the intersection of end. The Bartholows Road Arch is Ridgeville Boulevard. Main Street and representative of at least three arches over existing public roads in the Region and is similar in its design to the tunnel entrance arch.

F-5-117 Ridgewell Tunnel and Bartholows Road Arch, Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Mt. Airy Improvement Mt. Airy Frederick County

HISTORIC CONTEXT:

MARYLAND COMPREHENSIVE HISTORIC PRESERVATION PLAN DATA

Geographic Organization: Piedmont (Harford, Baltimore, Carroll, Frederick, Howard, Montgomery Counties, and Baltimore City)

Chronological/Development Period: Industrial/Urban Dominance, A.D. 1870-1930

Prehistoric/Historic Period Themes: Transportation

Resource Types:

Category: Structure

Historic Environment: Rural

Historic Function and Use:

Transportation/rail-related/railroad bridge

Known Design Source: None

Maryland Historical Trust State Historic Sites Inventory Form

Survey No. F-5-117

Magi No.

DOE _yes x no

1. Nam	e (indicate pr	referred name)		
	geville Tunnel and Airy Improvement	Bartholows Road Arc	ch, Baltimore and O	hio Railroad
and/or common				
2. Loca	ation			
street & number		arch 2000 ft. west Arch at Lynn Burke		iry not for publication
city, town Mt	. Airy	<u>x</u> vicinity of	congressional district	6th
state Maryl	and	county	Frederick	
3. Clas	sification			
Category district building(s) _X_ structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered not applicable	Status _X occupied unoccupied _ work in progress Accessible _X yes: restricted _ yes: unrestricted _ no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific X transportation other:
4. Own	er of Prope	erty (give names a	and mailing addresse	es of <u>all</u> owners)
name CS	X Transportation,	Inc.		
street & number	500 Water Stree	t	telephone n	o.:
city, town	acksonville	state	and zip code F1.	32202
	ation of Leg	al Descripti	on	
		derick County Courtl		liber
street & number	100 W. Patrick			
	Frederick			folio MD 21701
		in Evictina	Historical Surv	
o. nepi	resentation	in Existing	HISCOLICAL SULV	/eys
title				
date			federal sta	te county loca
∡epository for su	urvey records	•		
city, town			state	

7. Description

Survey No. F-5-117

Condition excellent deteriorated good ruins fair unexposed	_x_ altered	Check one X original site moved date of move	
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Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

CONTRIBUTING RESOURCE COUNT: 2

The Ridgeville Tunnel and the Bartholows Road Arch are two representative structures of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad's Mt. Airy Inprovement, a major relocation in 1900-1902 of the main line of the railroad between Mt. Airy at the Frederick-Carroll County Line and the Monocacy River in Frederick County. The original line was built in 1830-1831 along Bush Creek and included many twists and turns as well as the major obstacle of Parr's Ridge at Mt. Airy. The Ridgeville Tunnel's eastern entrance lies east of Mt. Airy in Carroll County; the western tunnel entrance, one of the subjects of this form, is approximately 2,000 feet west of the intersection of Main Street and Ridgeville Boulevard and about 250 feet south of Ridgeville Boulevard in Mt. Airy. The Bartholows Road Arch is located at the railroad crossing of Lynn Burke Road (formerly Bartholows Road) about three miles west of the Ridgeville Tunnel. The date of 1900-1902 for the completion of construction of the Mt. Airy Improvement is an approximate spread based on land records and H. H. Harwood, Jr.'s Impossible Challenge: The Story of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad in Maryland (1979).

The Ridgeville Tunnel is a 2,758-foot straight penetration through Parr's Ridge with a brick barrel arch interior soffit. At the east and west ends, the entrances are framed by limestone blocks with quarry finish and a surrounding abutment of ashlar limestone with a horizontal cap course across the top. The Bartholows Ro arch is 16 feet wide and about 20 feet in depth with a brick barrel arch faced with limestone blocks on the north and south sides. Splayed embankments of ashlar limestone flank the openings on both sides. Lynn Burke Road, originally Bartholows Road, passes under the arch and dead-ends at the right-of-way of the present Interstate 70 which parallels the railroad track at this point. Land records show a sketch plat of the Bartholows Road vicinity in 1902, with several existing dwellings along the original road and the location of the original "Main Stem" of the railroad which is approximately the route of I-70. The original route of Bartholows Road ran on a northeast-southwest angle and the application for relocating the public road indicated that the arch forced the route of the road passing under it to take a directly north-south passage perpendicular to the railroad. The road continued to the north to join the Old National Pike. The present road is still in use and the occupants of several frame dwellings erected after the railroad relocation was completed use the arch as their only access to the public road.

The two arches described represent the type of structure which characterized the relocated railroad line. Another similar arch is located near Plane No. 4 south of the railroad at the dead end of West Wind Drive and is no longer in use as a road underpass. Greatly overgrown during much of the year, the arch is visible in the winter and is almost identical in construction to the Bartholows Road arch. Another 1900-1902 bridge is found at Monrovia (see F-5-14) and smaller, more obscure constructions are undoubtedly to be found along the entire length of the section between Mt. Airy and the Monocacy River.

1600- 1700-	-1499 -1599 -1699 -1799 -1899	ard	of Significance cheology-prehistoric riculture chitecture mmerce mmunications	oric c c e e e		nning _ - - - tlement _	law literature military music philosop	e	re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater _X_ transportation other (specify
Specific	dates	1900		Build	er/Architect				
check:	an	ıd/or	_		CD BC1) <u> </u>	F(G	

Survey No.

F-5-117

8. Significance

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

Level of Significance: national state x local

The Mt. Airy Improvement of 1900-1902 is highly significant in the transportation history of Frederick County and Maryland, being part of a major upgrade in facilities by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad which began in the 1890's. The Improvement occurred along the entire main line from Baltimore to Point of Rocks, but the most visible changes in Frederick County were in the section between Mt. Airy and the Monocacy River where the original 1830-1831 line ran in a convoluted course mostly along Bush Creek. The original crossing of the railroad over Parr's Ridge south of Mt. Airy was made with a difficult and tortuous series of four inclined planes, two on the east and two on the west sides of the ridge. The cars were first drawn by horses and by the late 1830's by steam locomotives, but by 38, the planes were abandoned and the route passed one mile to the north through The great increase in freight traffic along the B&O's route to the West Mt. Airy. and the construction of the huge switching yards at Brunswick in the 1890's signaled the need to straighten the original line route, eliminating the most difficult curves and grades. The Parr's Ridge crossing was solved by the construction of the Ridgeville (or Mt. Airy) Tunnel in 1900-1901. The western entrance of the tunnel lies in Frederick County and the eastern entrance in Carroll County. The stone arch with the brick barrel-vaulted tunnel represents the construction style of the B&O throughout its system in the late 19th century. Another representative structure of the Improvement is the Bartholows Road arch, one of at least three constructed along the Mt. Airy section to accommodate existing public roads. It is a smaller version of the Ridgeville Tunnel arch in appearance. A second similar arch, no longer in use in connection with road traffic, but still supporting the tracks is near Plane No. 4. The third crossing is a flat trestle type in the Monrovia Survey District The total improvement from Mt. Airy to the Monocacy was about 10 miles of new track with increased tonnage facilities which helped guarantee the survival of the B&O freight service along this route through the 20th century's ups and downs in economic health.

9. Major Bibliographical References Surv

Survey No. F-5-117

Harwood, Herbert H., Jr. <u>Impossible Challenge</u>: <u>The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad in Maryland</u>. Baltimore: Barnard, Roberts, and Co., Inc., 1979, pp. 25-26; 140; 442 Land Records of Frederick County
Titus, C.O. Atlas of Frederick County, 1873

state code county code	10. Geographical	Data		_
Zone Easting Northing C	Quadrangle name Damascus, Md.		Quadrangie Scare	
Zone Easting Northing C	UTM References do NOT complete	UTM reference	s	
Verbal boundary description and justification Approximately 5 acres at each location indicated on attached quad map section, centered on the stone arch at the west end of the Ridgeville Tunnel and at the Bartholows Road (now Lynn Burke Road) culvert arch. List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries state code county code				
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state code county code state code county code	Approximately 5 acres at each on the stone arch at the west (now Lynn Burke Road) culvert	location indi end of the Ri arch.	dgeville Tunnel and at the Bartholows Road	
state code county code				
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	state	code c	ounty code	
11. Form Prepared By	11. Form Prepare	d By		
name/title Janet L. Davis, Historic Sites Surveyor	name/title Janet L. Davis, Hist	toric Sites Su	rveyor	
organization Frederick County Planning & Zoning Dept.date August 1994	organization Frederick County I	Planning & Zon	ing Dept.date August 1994	
street & number 12 E. Church Street telephone 696-2958	street & number 12 E. Church Str	reet	telephone 696-2958	

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to:

Frederick

city or town

Maryland Historical Trust

Shaw House 21 State Circle

Apprapolis, Maryland 21401

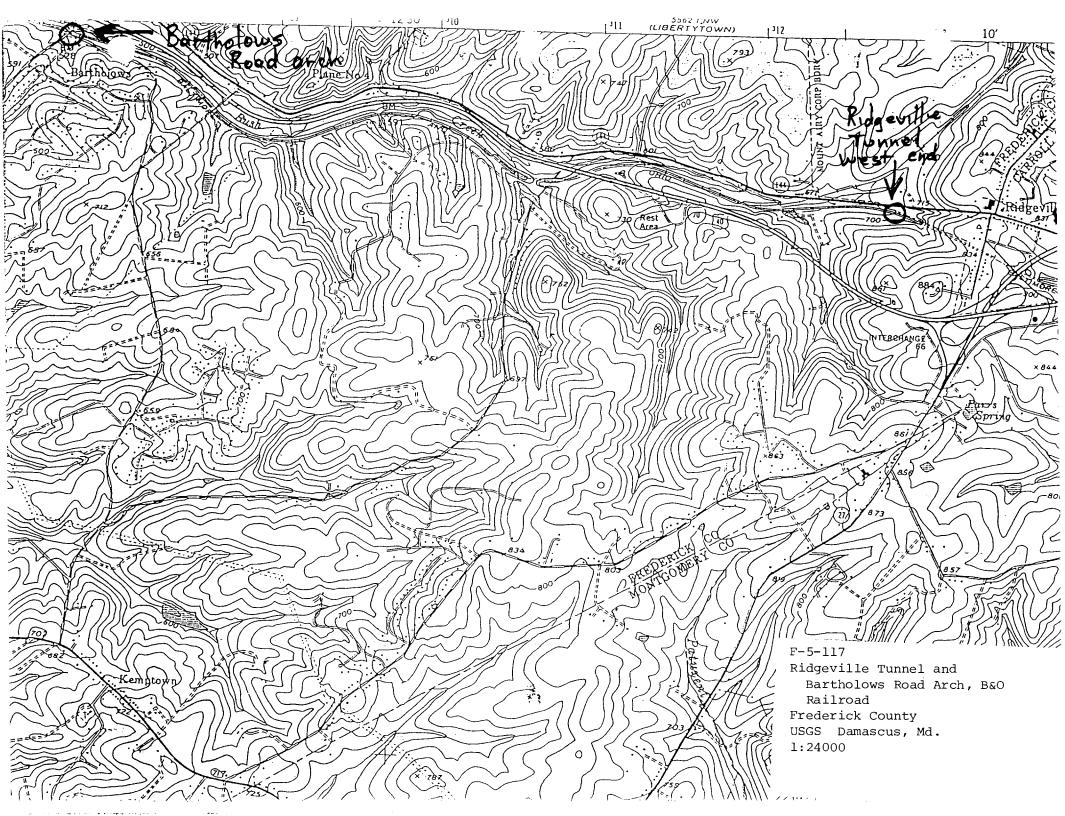
(301) 269-2438

MD 21701



Dist No. 18 2010 · o Hood Dala JOH Julu Scale 36 F-5-117 Ridgeville Tunnel in Bartholows Road Arch, B&O Railroad Frederick County C.O. Titus, Atlas of Frederick County, 1873 Original B&O route and location of 1902 Ridgeville tunnel west end at circle

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